

## R & D on optical materials

**The goal :** find an alternative to fused silica for the substrates for the next generations of core optics

### **Main considerations :**

#### *Physical properties :*

- better mechanical Q
- same absorption level as fused silica
- better thermal properties
- good index homogeneity
- low birefringence

#### *Technical aspects :*

- availability : quality improvement
- manufacturing process ( low contamination)
- cost
- polishing
- coating
- cleaning
- silica bonding

## The candidates :

- sapphire (since many years)
- white yag
- fluorine ( $\text{CaF}_2$ )

	<b>SiO<sub>2</sub></b> <b>Fused silica</b>	<b>Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub></b> <b>Sapphire</b>	<b>Y<sub>3</sub>Al<sub>5</sub>O<sub>12</sub></b> <b>Undoped yag</b>	<b>CaF<sub>2</sub></b> <b>Fluorine</b>
<b>Density <math>\rho</math> [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	2.202	3.987	4.554	3.18
<b>n</b>	1.458	1.7555 1.7478	1.815	1.425
<b>dn/dT [<math>\cdot 10^{-6}</math> K<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	~10	~13	9.1	-10.4
<b>Thermal expansion <math>\alpha</math> [<math>\cdot 10^{-6}</math> K<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	0.51	6.65   a 7.15    c	7.7	<b>19.6</b>
<b>Thermal conductivity <math>\kappa</math> [Wm<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup>] @ 300K</b>	<b>1.38</b>	<b>46</b>	13.4	9.71
<b>C [Jkg<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	746	777	625	887.6
<b>Thermal diffusivity D [m<sup>2</sup>/s] (= <math>\kappa/\rho C</math>)</b>	0.84 *10 <sup>-6</sup>	14.85 *10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.708 *10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.44*10 <sup>-6</sup>
<b>Hardness</b>	560	2319	1970	<b>170</b>
<b>Young modulus [Gpa]</b>	73.1	344.5	280	75.8
<b>Poisson ratio</b>	0.18	0.27	0.24	0.26
<b>Absorption [ppm/cm]</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Biref [mrad]</b>	~1	<b>High</b>	?	
<b>Quality factor Q</b>	2*10 <sup>7</sup>	<b>2*10<sup>8</sup></b>	2*10 <sup>7</sup>	<b>6.5*10<sup>7</sup></b>
<b>Size avail</b>	<b>40cm</b>		<b>10cm</b>	<b>30cm</b>
<b>Coating</b>	ok	<b>Problem</b>	?	Ok
<b>Polishing</b>	<b>0.1A rms</b>	Hard	?	<b>0.1A rms</b>
<b>Structure</b>	amorphe	Hexagonal	cubic	Cubic

Spinel and GGG :

- laser materials not available in large size
- numbers not easy to find

## Conclusion

In term of quality Q and thermal properties, the **sapphire** is a very good candidate, **but** it is not available in large size, and it is difficult to polish

The **CaF<sub>2</sub>** seems to be a **good candidate**, with a good Q, available in large size (the most popular material in the microelectronics), with a low birefringence, easy to polish. We need to continue the studies.

But we have to keep an eye on the **fused silica**, because it is **improving**

# R & D on Data Analysis

## Software:

- non linear methods for pulsar detections
- time-frequency methods (wavelets,...)
- matched filtering

## Hardware:

- clusters performances
- parallel processing machines

## Future:

- increase computing power
- blind search of pulsars